

2. Starting at 100 K, how much energy must be added to heat the solid to reach its melting point.

100 K

$$T_{\text{melting}} = 178.7 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta T = 178.7 \text{ K} - 100 \text{ K} = 78.7 \text{ K}$$

$$1 \text{ mole} \rightarrow 5.72 \text{ kJ}$$

$$2.1552 \text{ moles} \quad x$$

$$x = 5.72 \times 2.1552$$

$$= \frac{12.327744 \text{ kJ}}{1000}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.012327744 \text{ J}}}$$